



RESULTS 1Q19 April 25, 2019



|| Forward looking information



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|| Financial Results Summary

Net Sales (US\$M)





Margin EBITDA (%)

21.2%

1Q19

23.2%



Increased sales in Colombia, Guatemala and El Salvador,

were more than offset by lower sales in Panama and Costa Rica, in local-currency terms; our net sales in U.S.-dollar and local-currency terms declined by 12% and 4%, respectively, during 1Q19 YoY

The U.S.-dollar appreciated during **1Q19 YoY**

versus the Colombian peso and the Costa Rican Colon by 11% and 7%, respectively, and by 5% versus the currencies of both Nicaragua and Guatemala

Our EBITDA during the quarter declined by US\$13 million,

mainly due to lower volumes, increased energy and distribution costs, as well as the U.S. dollar appreciation

|| Consolidated Volumes and Prices





Improved cement and ready-mix volumes in Colombia, Guatemala and El Salvador,

were more than offset by lower volumes in Panama, Costa Rica and Nicaragua

In our cement business, improved prices in local-currency terms in Colombia, Costa Rica and Rest of CLH,

were more than offset by lower prices in Panama, on a year-over-year basis

In Colombia, our cement prices as of March 2019 versus December 2018

were 7% higher in U.S.-dollar terms and 4% higher in local-currency terms, reflecting the successful price increase implemented in January of this year

(1) Like-to-like prices adjusted for foreign-exchange fluctuations

















Results Highlights Colombia

|| Colombia – Results Highlights

		1Q19	1Q18	% var
Financial Summary US\$ Million	Net Sales	128	136	-6%
	Op. EBITDA	22	25	-13%
	as % net sales	17.1%	18.5%	(1.4pp)



Price (Local Currency)

	1Q19 vs. 1Q18	1Q19 vs. 4Q18
Cement	8%	-3%
Ready-mix	8%	5%
Aggregates	-4%	3%

	1Q19 vs. 1Q18	1Q19 vs. 4Q18
Cement	2%	3%
Ready-mix	-1%	1%
Aggregates	8%	1%



We are pleased with our cement volume and price performance during 1Q19

our volumes increased by 8% YoY, while our prices in local-currency terms increased by 2% year-over-year and by 3% sequentially

Our BITDA during 1Q19 declined in U.S. dollar and local-currency terms by 13% and 4%, respectively,

while our net sales during the quarter declined by 6% in U.S.-dollar terms, but increased by 4% in local-currency terms

EBITDA margin declined by 1.4pp,

higher volumes and prices, as well as lower fixed costs and SG&A, which in total accounted for an improvement of 3pp, were more than offset by increased variable costs, which accounted for 4.5pp of margin erosion

|| Colombia - Residencial Sector



We estimate that cement dispatches to the residential sector remained relatively stable during 1Q19;

improved demand to the informal or selfconstruction segment, as well as to the social housing segment, was offset by lower volumes to the mid-to-high-income segment

Informal housing volumes during the quarter were driven by the economic recovery,

and improved consumer confidence, which as of March returned to positive after 6 consecutive months in negative territory

The social-housing segment showed a mild recovery

during the quarter, housing starts improved during the last twelve months by 2% and year-todate February by 6%, the continuation of the "Mi Casa Ya" subsidy program for new-home acquisition is supporting volumes to this sector

For the full year 2019, we expect industry cement volumes to the residential sector to increase in the low-single digits, supported by the self-construction and social-housing segments

|| Colombia – Infrastructure Sector

During 2019, we expect industry cement volumes to the infrastructure sector to increase in the mid-single digits



The infrastructure sector continued its positive performance during the first quarter of 2019,

our volumes to this sector were supported by projects in Bogotá, as well as to other projects across the country, including the Picacho cablecar project in Medellín

4G projects continue advancing at good pace,

for 2019, we estimate total ready-mix volumes for 4G projects to reach more than 600,000 m3, 38% more compared to those of the previous year

Projects worth close to US\$500 million were recently awarded in Bogotá and should begin construction soon,

and we expect that the Bogotá Metro will be awarded in September and start construction next year

|| Colombia - Maceo Project Update





As already disclosed, we recently reached a new agreement with the government agency "Sociedad de Activos Especiales",

that will allow us to continue using the assets that are subject to domain extinction process for at least 21 years

This agreement is a relevant milestone and should support our efforts to obtain the pending permits required to operate the plant;

we are doing everything under our control to get these permits and are optimistic that we may obtain them by the end of 2019. Once the permits are granted, we will be able to start building the remaining segments of the access road to the plant

Operating Maceo will allow us to optimize our costs

and grow profitably at improved levels of cement dispatches



Results Highlights Panama

|| Panama – Results Highlights

		1Q19	1Q18	% var
ncial mary	Net Sales	50	61	-18%
	Op. EBITDA	14	21	-33%
lillion	as % net sales	27.7%	33.6%	(5.9pp)



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US\$ M

Price (Local Currency)

	1Q19 vs. 1Q18	1Q19 vs. 4Q18	
Cement	-14%	0%	
Ready-mix	-29%	-11%	
Aggregates	-31%	-5%	

	1Q19 vs. 1Q18	1Q19 vs. 4Q18
Cement	-5%	-3%
Ready-mix	-2%	-2%
Aggregates	-4%	-8%



Cement demand remained weak during 1Q19,

we estimate that industry demand declined by 12%, or by 13% adjusting for one additional working day; cement imports reached an estimated 9% participation during the quarter

Lower cement demand was due to high levels of inventory in apartments and offices,

as well as to project delays in the infrastructure sector. However, we are optimistic in the infrastructure sector going forward, as relevant projects should start soon

During the quarter, our EBITDA margin declined by 5.9pp,

lower sales and higher freight costs, were partially offset by lower maintenance costs related to the major shutdown of kiln 1 done during the 1Q18, not performed this year

|| Panama – Sector Highlights



We now expect our Panama cement volumes to decline from 4% to 7% during the full year 2019



In 2019, we expect the infrastructure sector to be the main driver of demand,

already awarded projects worth more than US\$2 billion should start construction during the next 6 months, these are the fourth bridge over the canal, the Corredor de las Playas highway, the second phase of the urban renovation of Colon City, as well as the connection of the metro's second line to the airport

For the full year 2019, we expect national cement demand to bottom out and decline in the mid-single digits,

the second quarter has an easier base of comparison because of the construction-workers strike which took place during April and May of last year



Results Highlights Costa Rica

|| Costa Rica – Results Highlights

		1Q19	1Q18	% var
Financial Summary US\$ Million	Net Sales	28	36	-22%
	Op. EBITDA	10	10	3%
	as % net sales	35.6%	26.8%	8.8pp

Volume	

Price (Local Currency)

	1Q19 vs. 1Q18	1Q19 vs. 4Q18	
Cement	-20%	1%	
Ready-mix	-8%	-12%	
Aggregates	20%	3%	

	1Q19 vs. 1Q18	1Q19 vs. 4Q18
Cement	2%	0%
Ready-mix	9%	-2%
Aggregates	-3%	-3%



We estimate that national cement demand declined by 9% during 1Q19:

our cement volume performance also reflects a high base of comparison in the same period of last year, as the new competitor commissioned its grinding mill in May 2018, and relevant projects ramped-up volumes during 1Q18

Our cement and ready-mix prices in local-currency terms improved

by 2% and 9%, respectively, during the guarter on a year-over-year basis

EBITDA margin improved 8.8pp,

mainly due to the kiln maintenance performed during 1Q18, which will be done this year during the second quarter. Additionally, the improvement was because of higher prices, a bad-debt provision made last year, and lower fixed costs. These improvements were partially offset by lower volumes and higher freight costs 16

|| Costa Rica - Sector Highlights

Considering the lower industry demand expectation, as well as the presence of the new competitor for the full year, we now expect our volumes to decline from 8% to 12% during 2019



For the rest of 2019, we expect that the main driver of demand will be the infrastructure sector,

volume ramp-up from ongoing projects, as well as projects about to start like *Ruta 1: Cañas-Limonal and Limonal-San Gerardo*, should provide volume support; most of these projects are financed by multilateral development banks

Improved infrastructure volumes might not be enough to offset the weakness in the residential and the industrial-and-commercial sectors considering this, as well as the slow start of the year, we now expect that national cement demand will decline in the mid-single digits during 2019



Results Highlights Rest of CLH

|| **Rest of CLH –** Results Highlights

		1Q19	1Q18	% var
Financial Summary US\$ Million	Net Sales	57	63	-10%
	Op. EBITDA	17	22	-22%
	as % net sales	30.2%	35.1%	(4.9pp)



Price (Local Currency)

	1Q19 vs. 1Q18	1Q19 vs. 4Q18	
Cement	-5%	-4%	
Ready-mix	-39%	-42%	
Aggregates	-62%	-1%	

	1Q19 vs. 1Q18	1Q19 vs. 4Q18
Cement	1%	1%
Ready-mix	4%	5%
Aggregates	5%	4%



Our cement volumes decreased by 5% during the quarter,

improved cement volumes in Guatemala and El Salvador were more than offset by lower volumes in Nicaragua

Net sales during the quarter in U.S. dollar and local-currency terms declined by 10% and 6%, respectively.

improved sales in Guatemala and El Salvador were more than offset by lower sales in Nicaragua, in local-currency terms

EBITDA margin declined by 4.9pp,

mainly due to higher purchased-clinker costs in Guatemala. In Nicaragua, the margin remained relatively stable as the unfavorable volume impact was mostly offset by lower operating costs

|| Nicaragua - Sector Highlights



Due to the effect of the political unrest on the construction sector, we expect our volumes in Nicaragua to decline from 10% to 20% in 2019



The socio-political crisis remains unresolved one year after its initiation,

and continues to take a toll in economic activity and cement demand

Our cement volumes during he quarter declined by 19% on a year-over-year basis,

government sponsored projects funded by multilateral banks should continue during 2Q19, but there is no visibility afterwards. The selfconstruction sector should continue supporting cement consumption in the country

|| Guatemala - Sector Highlights



We expect our cement volumes in Guatemala to increase in the low-single digits during 2019



Our cement volumes increased by 4% and our ready-mix volumes declined by 21%, during the quarter,

the decline in ready-mix volumes was due to a high base of comparison in the same period of last year, when some relevant projects were heavily consuming

We estimate that national cement demand increased in the mid- to high- single digits during the quarter,

supported by improved construction activity related to the general elections which will take place in June, as well as higher volumes to the residential sector



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OTHER INFORMATION

|| Free Cash Flow

US\$ Million	1Q19	1Q18	% var
Operating EBITDA	55	68	-19%
- Net financial expense	14	15	
- Maintenance Capex	5	7	
- Change in working cap	6	34	
- Taxes paid	13	12	
- Other cash items (net)	-1	26	
- Free cash flow discontinued operations	0	2	
Free Cash Flow After Maintenance Capex	17	-28	n/a
- Strategic Capex	0	1	
Free Cash Flow	17	-28	n/a



Our free cash flow improved by US\$45 million,

to US\$17 million during this quarter from negative US\$28 million during 1Q18. The improvement was mainly due to a lower working capital investment, and the effect of the US\$25 million fine paid in Colombia during 1Q18, both of which more than offset lower EBITDA

Financial expenses during 1Q19 were US\$1.3 million lower than those of 1Q18,

this interest expense reduction was achieved due to the reduction in debt made during the last twelve months

We are pleased with our working capital management,

our average working capital days during the quarter were reduced to negative 15, from negative 10 during the same period of last year

|| Income Statement Items



Our controlling interest net income reached US\$16 million during the quarter,

compared to US\$30 million during 1Q18. The decline in net income was due to lower operating earnings before other expenses, net, and lower other income, net, partially offset by lower financial expenses and income taxes

Other income and expenses, net, was positive US\$3 million during the quarter,

compared to positive US\$19 million during 1Q18. In both cases, the positive effect is due to the U.S.-dollar depreciation against the Colombian peso that happened from December to March in both periods

|| Consolidated debt as of March 31, 2019



Туре	Currency	Cost	US\$ M
Banks	COP	8.88%	7
Intercompany	USD	6ML + 250 bps	130
Intercompany	USD	6ML + 255 bps	194
Intercompany	USD	Fixed 5.65%	480
Other debt (Leases)			24
Average Cost / Total	USD	5.55% ₁	835

(1) Average Cost of USD denominated debt

The term "Intercompany" refers to debt with subsidiaries of CEMEX, S.A.B. de C.V.



US\$835 M total debt

Our total debt reflects US\$24 million of additional debt related to the IFRS16 accounting treatment for operating leases

3.4x Net Debt / EBITDA



|| 2019 Guidance

Volume YoY%

na

C	osta	R	ca
9	0510		ua

Cement	Ready - Mix	Aggregates
0% to 1%	1% to 3%	1% to 3%

Cement	Ready - Mix	Aggregates
-7% to -4%	-4% to 0%	5% to 7%

Cement	Ready - Mix	Aggregates
-12% to -8%	-6% to -4%	5% to 7%



Consolidated volumes:

- Cement: -4% to -2%
- Ready-mix: -2% to 0%
- Aggregates: -2% to -1%

Total Capex US\$42 M

Maintenance Capex US\$35 M Strategic Capex US\$7 M

Consolidated Cash taxes US\$66 M

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Stock Information

Colombian Stock Exchange CLH





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